## Transitions

# Population and Economic Trends for Colorado and Region 12

Chris Akers

State Demography Office

Colorado Department of Local Affairs

May 2016

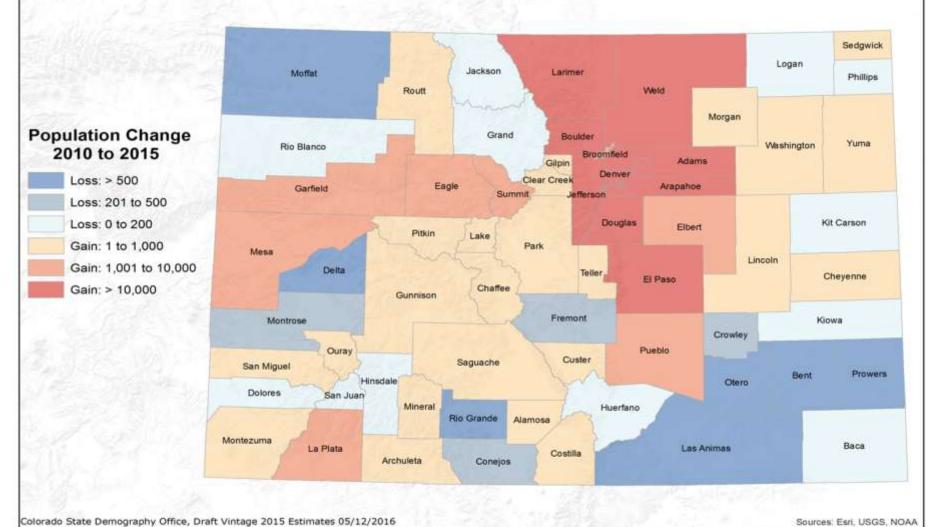
www.colorado.gov/demography

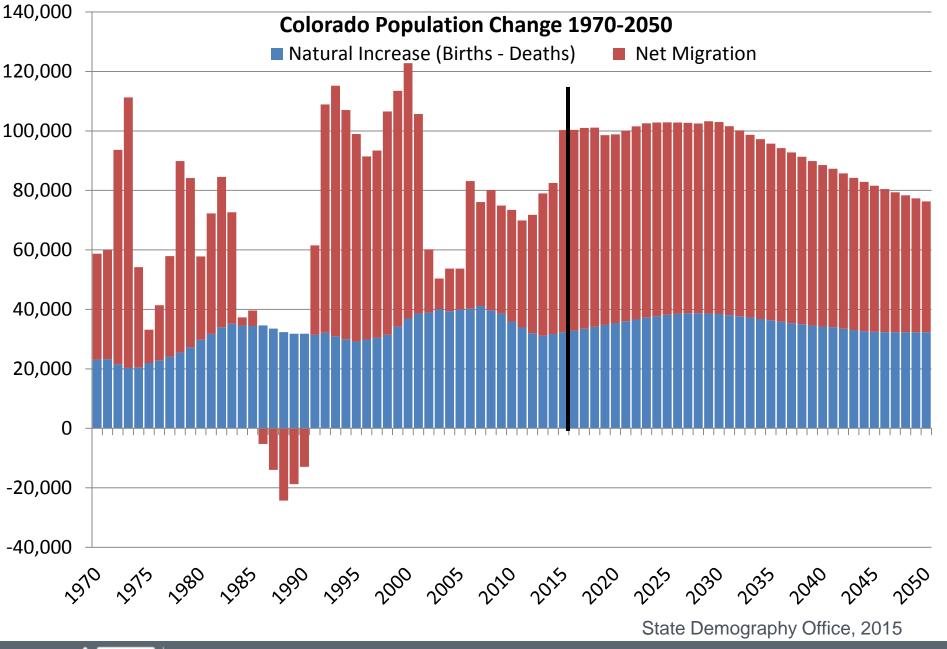


#### Big Picture - 2014-2015 Pop Change

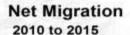
- US 321.4 million, + 2.5 million or .8%
- Colorado 5,456,500
- Ranked 2<sup>nd</sup> fastest 1.9% ND,
- 7<sup>th</sup> absolute growth 101,000 TX, FL, CA, GA,WA, NC
- Range in Colorado
  - +18,500 to -140
  - +5.2% to -1.7%

#### Colorado: Total Population Change 2010 - 2015





#### Colorado: Net Migration 2010 - 2015



Loss: > 500

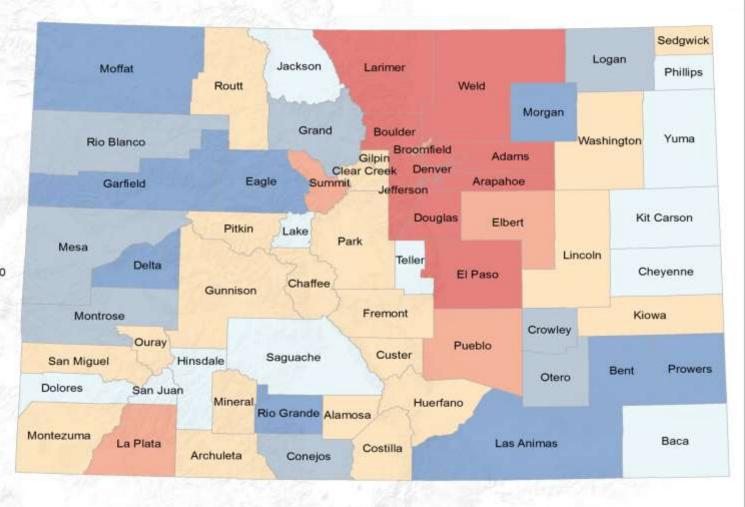
Loss: 251 to 500

Loss: 0 to 250

Gain: 1 to 1,000

Gain: 1,001 to 10,000

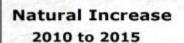
Gain: > 10,000



Colorado State Demography Office, Draft Vintage 2015 Estimates 05/12/2016

Sources: Esri, USGS, NOAA

#### Colorado: Natural Increase 2010 - 2015

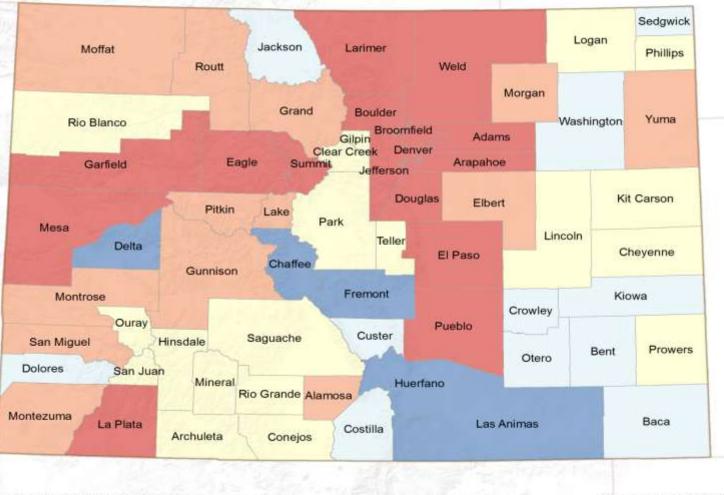


Loss: > 100

Loss: 0 to 100

Gain: 1 to 200 Gain: 201 to 1,000

Gain: >1,000



Colorado State Demography Office, Draft Vintage 2015 Estimates 05/12/2016

Sources: Esri, USGS, NOAA

#### 2015 Population & Growth Rate

Faster Growth than Statewide 2014-15:

• Summit County = 30,304 or **2.9**%

Slower Growth than State from 2014-15

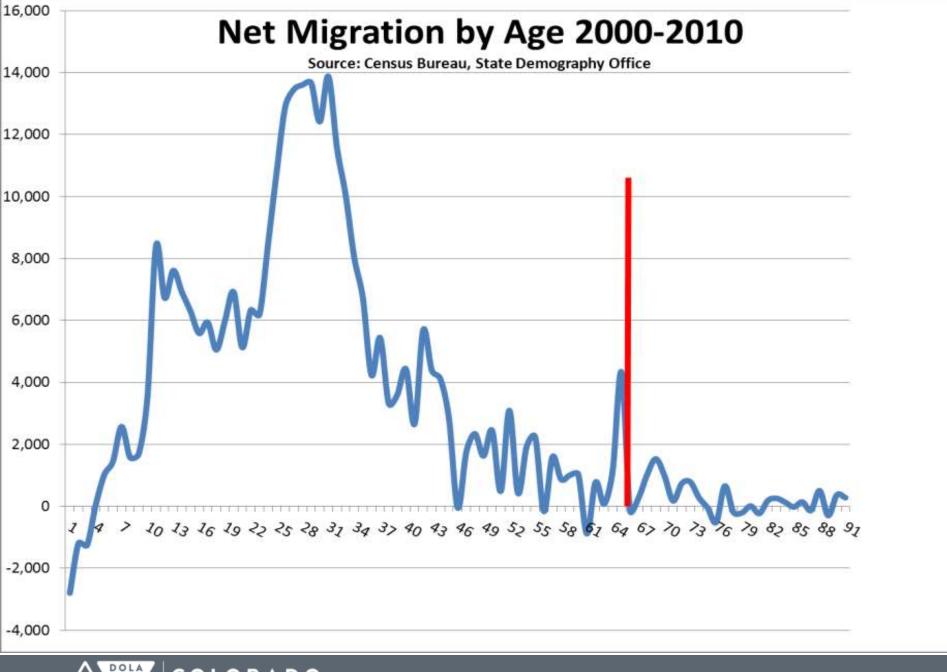
- Pitkin County = 17,849 or 1.3%
- Eagle County = 53,585 or 1.2%
- Grand County = 14,614 or 1.0%
- Jackson County = 1,352 or -2.5%

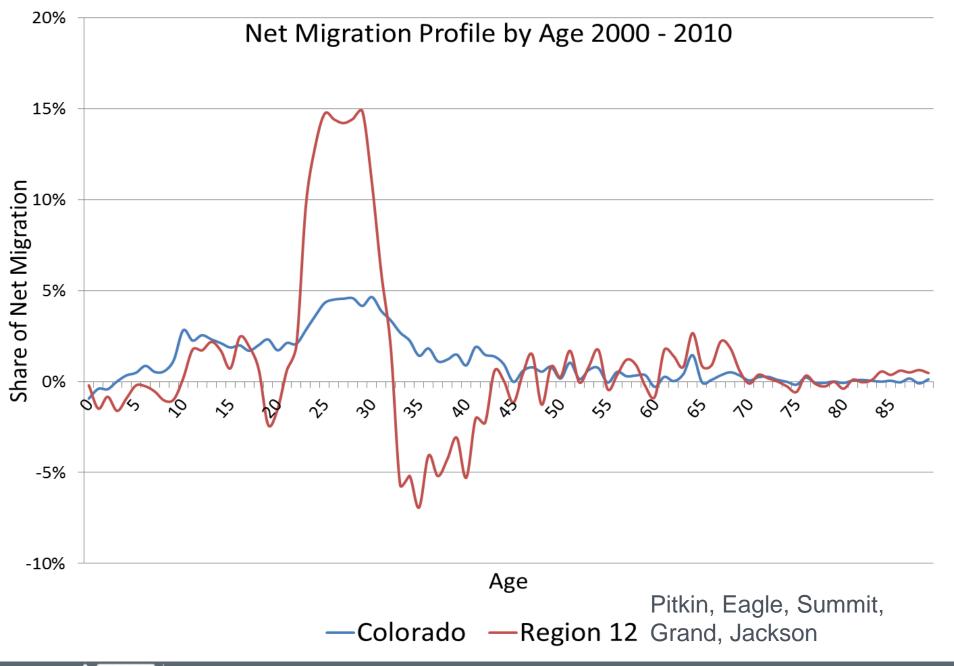
#### Natural Increase 2009-15

|         | Natlnc0809 | Natlnc0910c | NatInc1011 | Natlnc1112 | Natlnc1213 | Natlnc1314 | NatInc1415 |
|---------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| EAGLE   | 778        | 509         | 567        | 595        | 482        | 537        | 537        |
| GRAND   | 91         | 71          | 40         | 66         | 56         | 55         | 37         |
| JACKSON | -6         | 3           | 2          | -6         | -4         | 5          | 2          |
| PITKIN  | 127        | 78          | 122        | 77         | 81         | 75         | 77         |
| SUMMIT  | 326        | 177         | 254        | 252        | 195        | 203        | 208        |

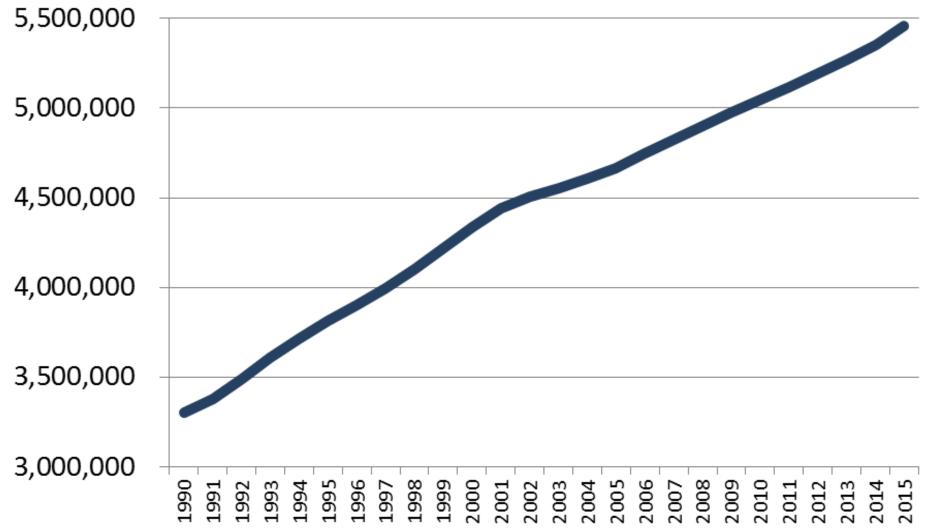
### Net Migration - 2010 - 15

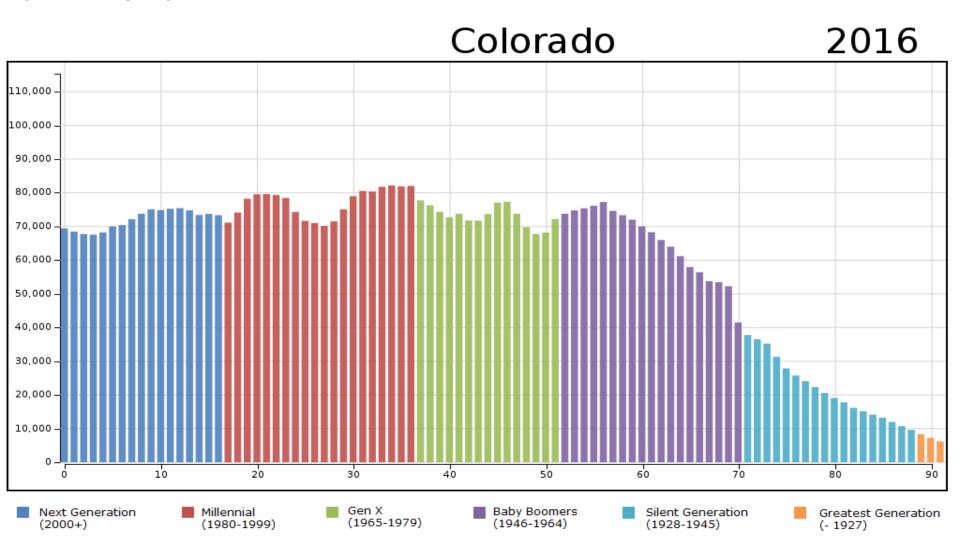
|         | NetMig 11 | NetMig 12 | NetMig 13 | NetMig 14 | NetMig 15 |
|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| PITKIN  | -153      | 24        | 81        | 159       | 150       |
| SUMMIT  | -383      | 36        | 361       | 460       | 645       |
| EAGLE   | -966      | -367      | 58        | -33       | 103       |
| GRAND   | -282      | -450      | 61        | 129       | 112       |
| JACKSON | -15       | -29       | 20        | 26        | -36       |



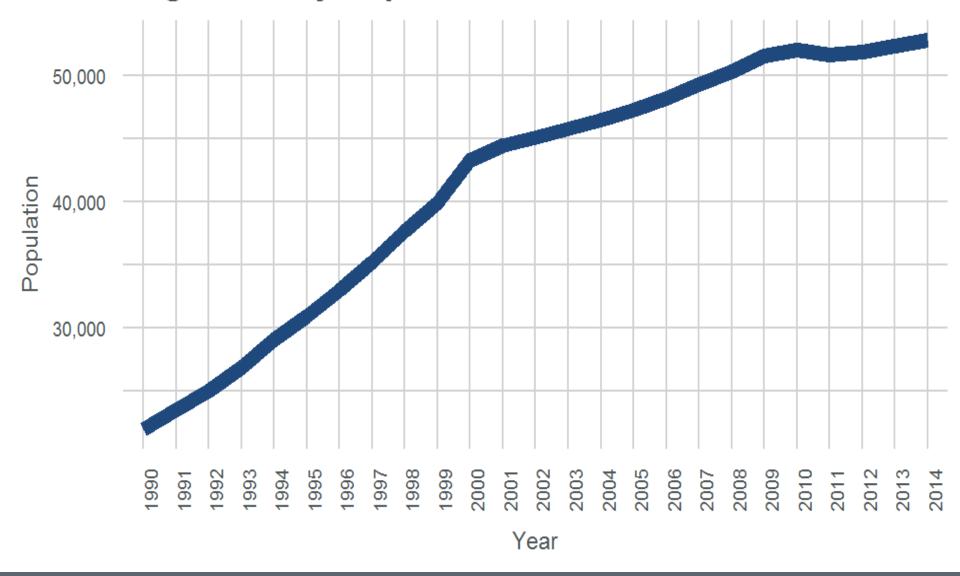


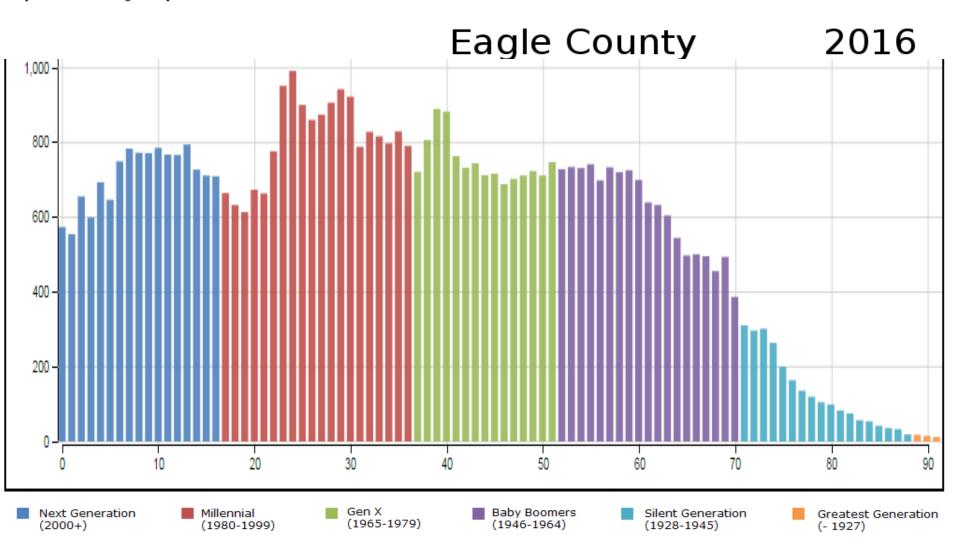




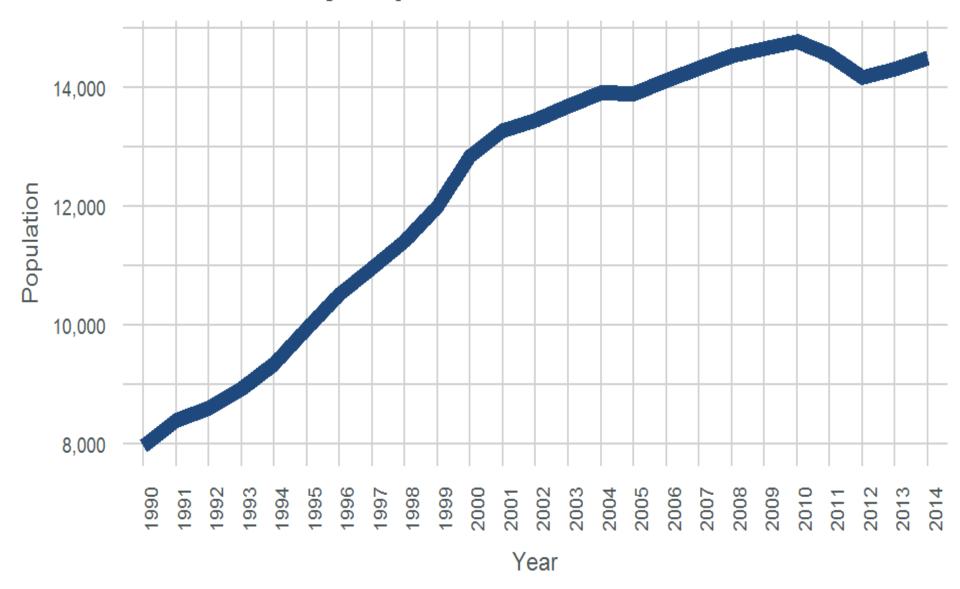


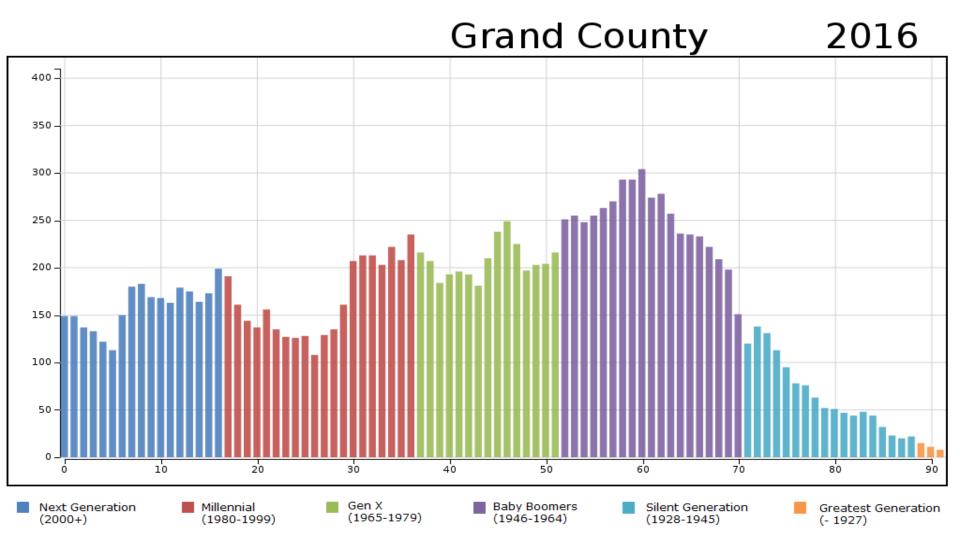
#### Eagle County Population, 1990 to 2014



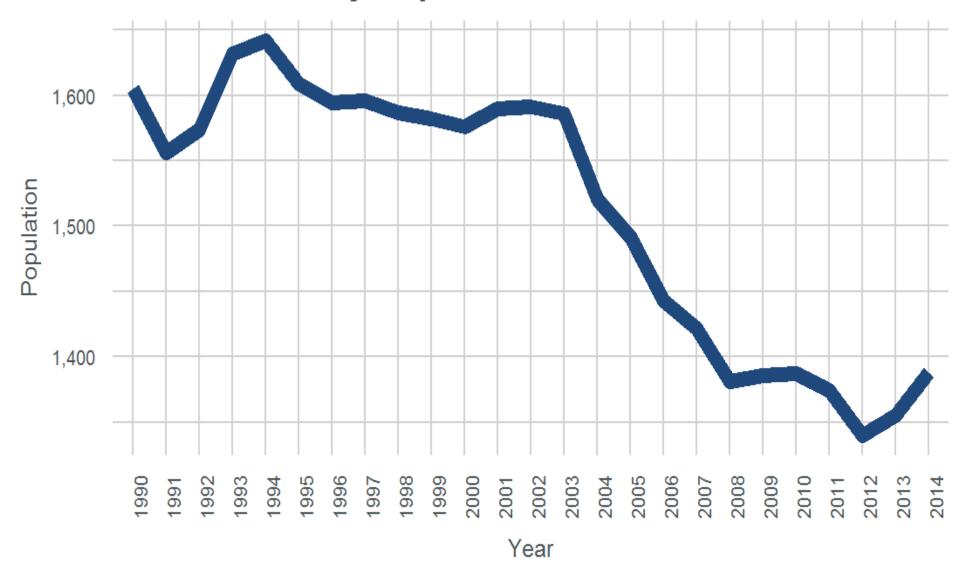


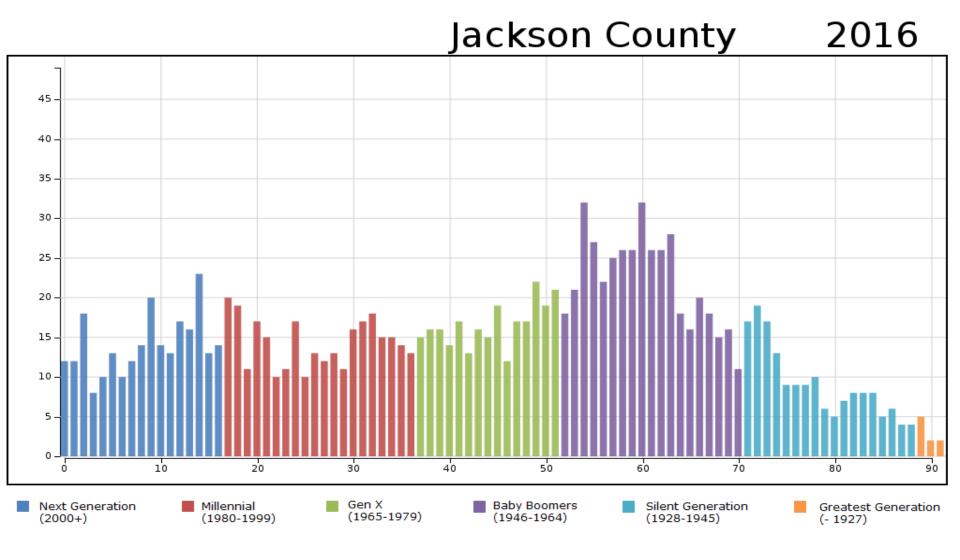
#### **Grand County Population, 1990 to 2014**



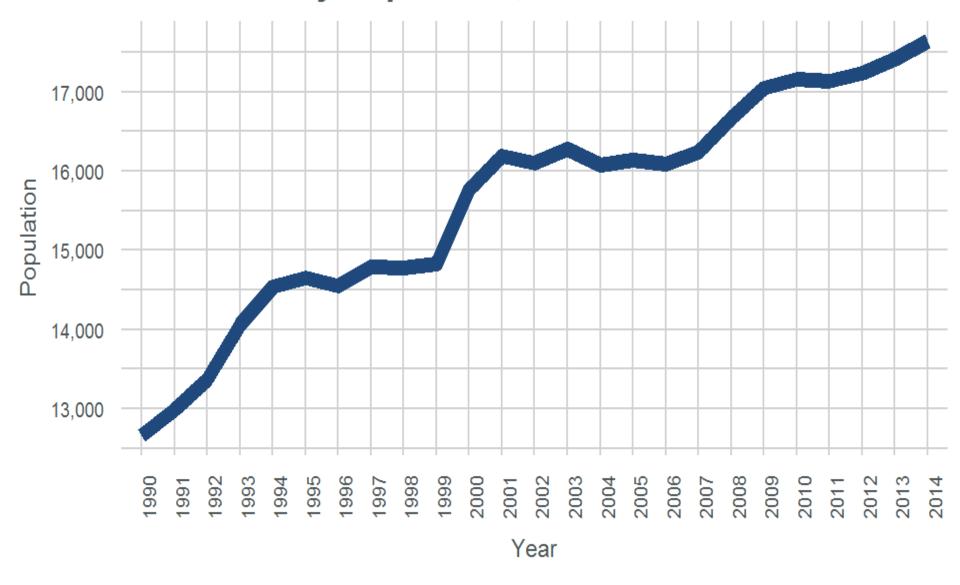


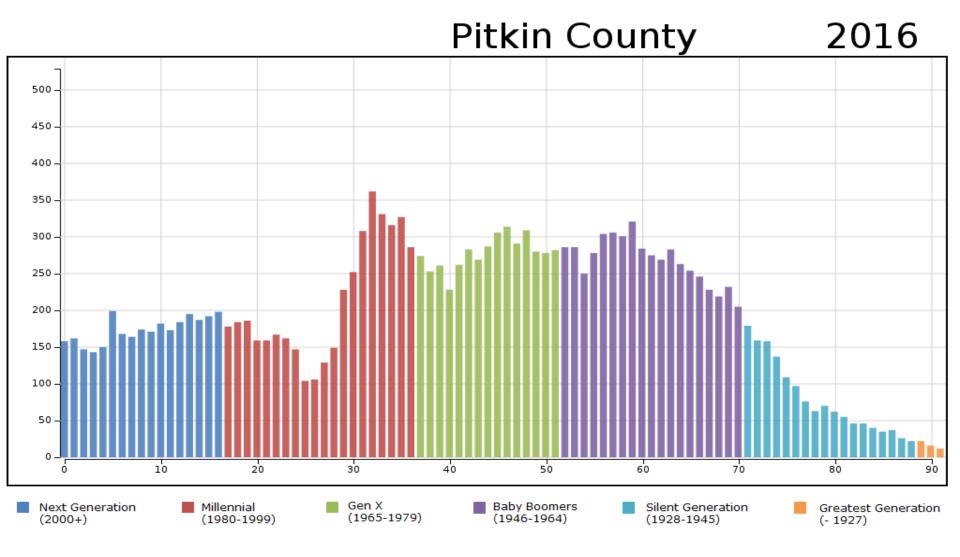
#### **Jackson County Population, 1990 to 2014**



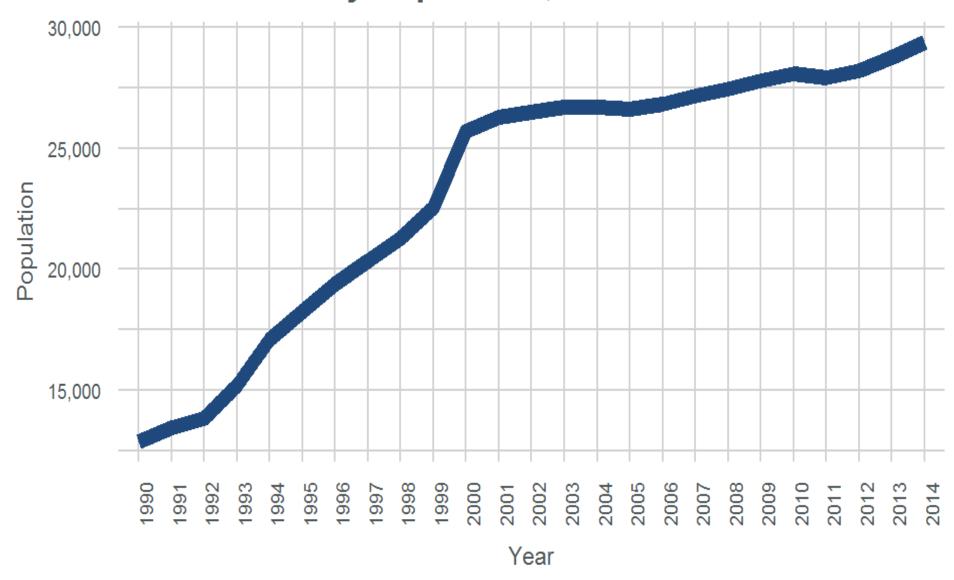


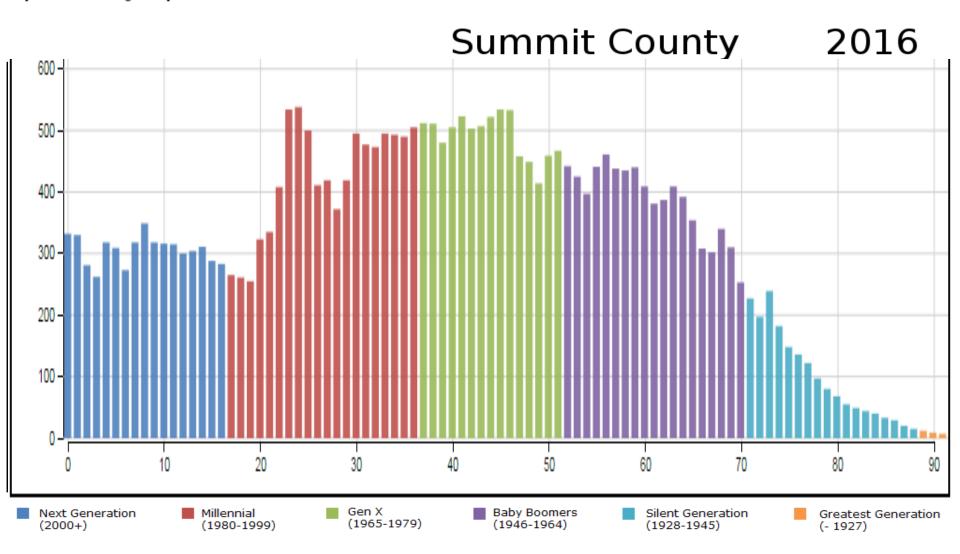
#### Pitkin County Population, 1990 to 2014





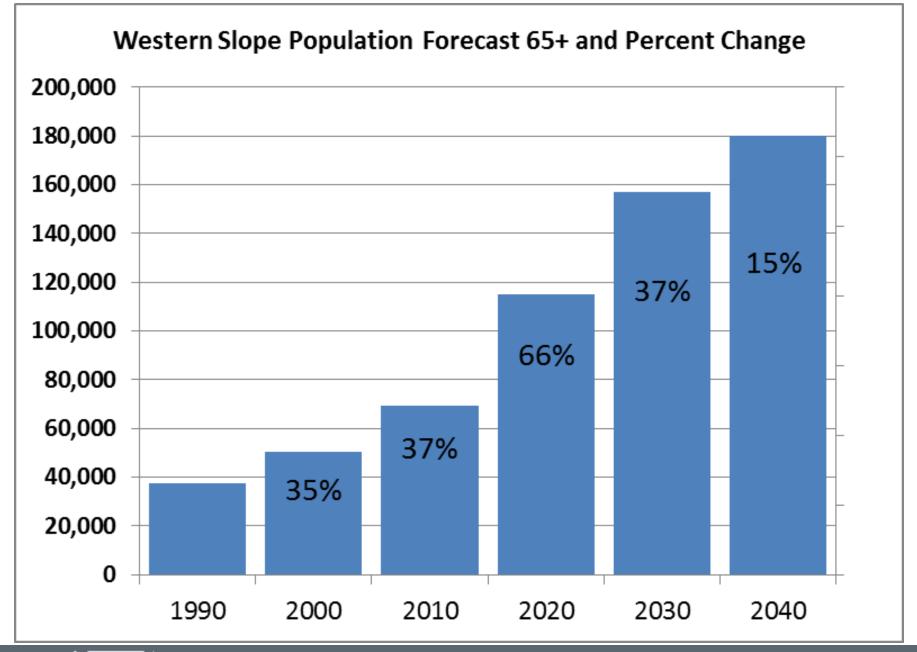
#### **Summit County Population, 1990 to 2014**





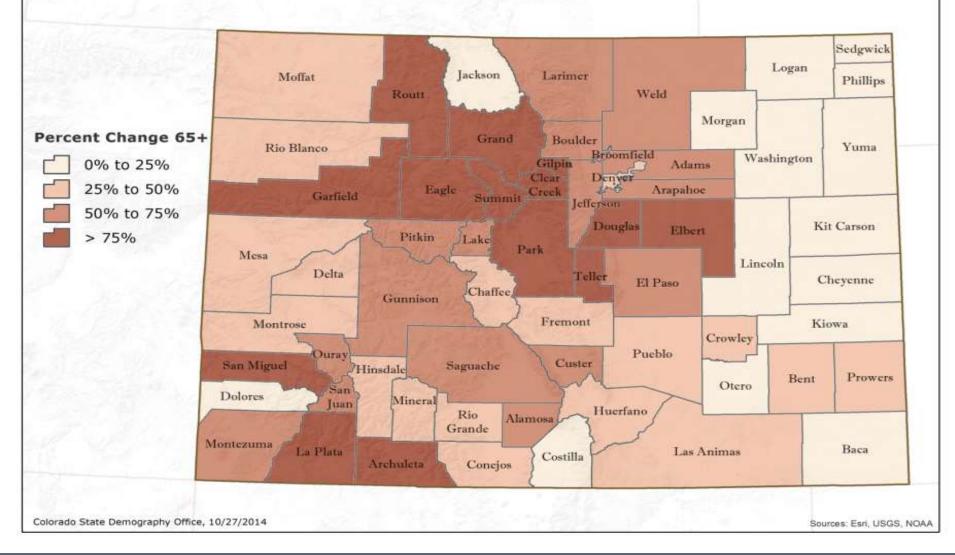
## Why Are We Getting Old Fast?

- Currently very few people over the age 65.
  - 4<sup>th</sup> lowest share of all states in US (10%)
- Baby Boomers
  - Born 1946 1964
  - 1,340,000 Boomers in Colorado (26% of pop. in 2010)
- By 2030, Colorado's population 65+ will be 125% larger than it was in 2010 growing from 555,000 to 1,243,000. (just from aging)
- Transition age distribution from "young" to more US average between 2010 and 2030.

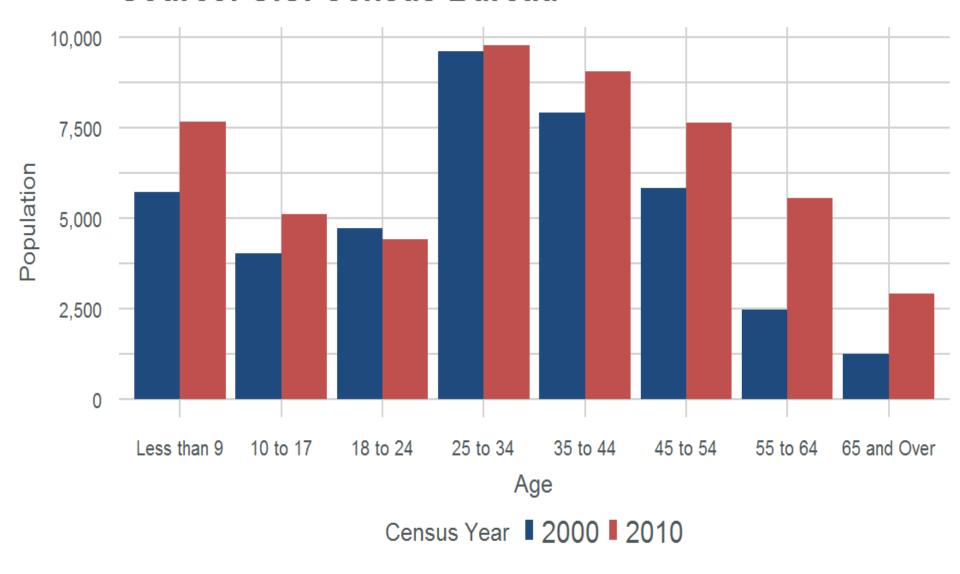




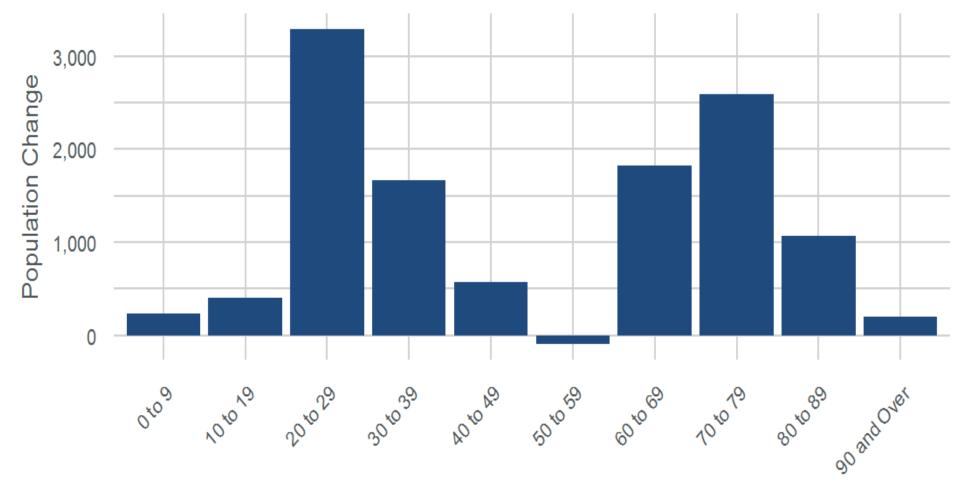
## Forecast Change in the Population 65+



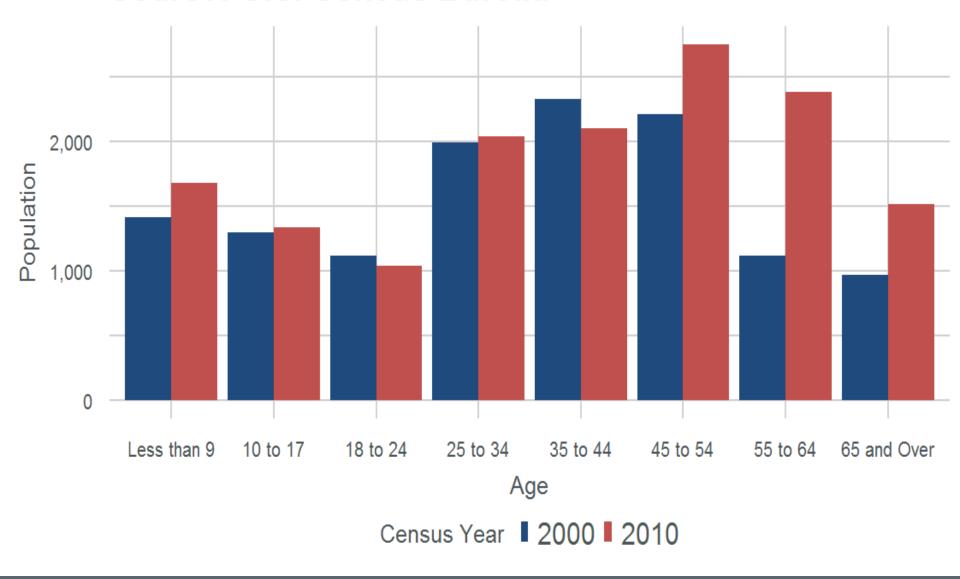
# Eagle County Population by Age Source: U.S. Census Bureau



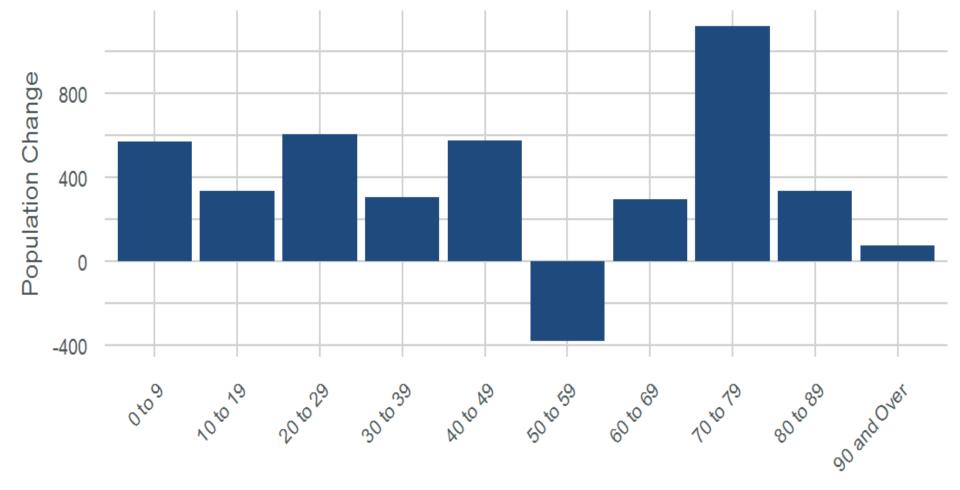
# Eagle County Forecast Change in Population by Age 2015 to 2025 Source:State Demography Office



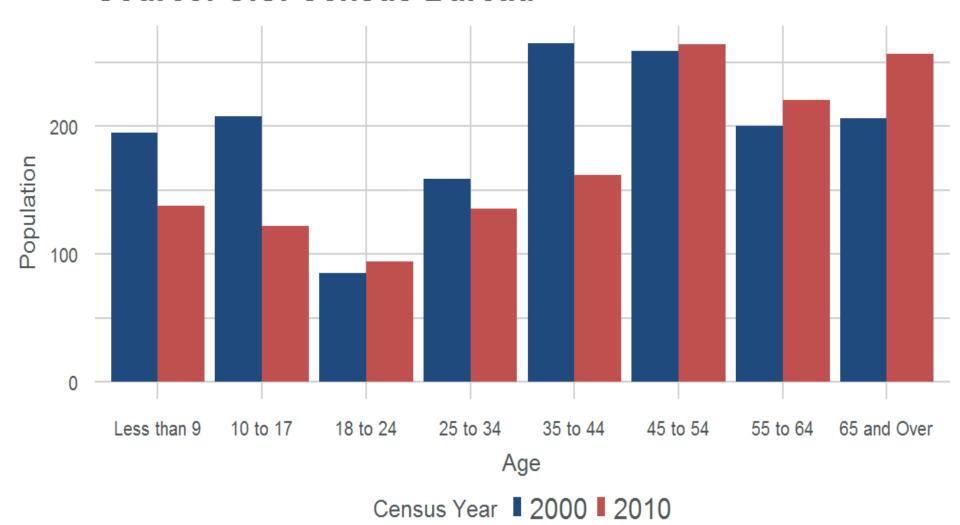
# Grand County Population by Age Source: U.S. Census Bureau



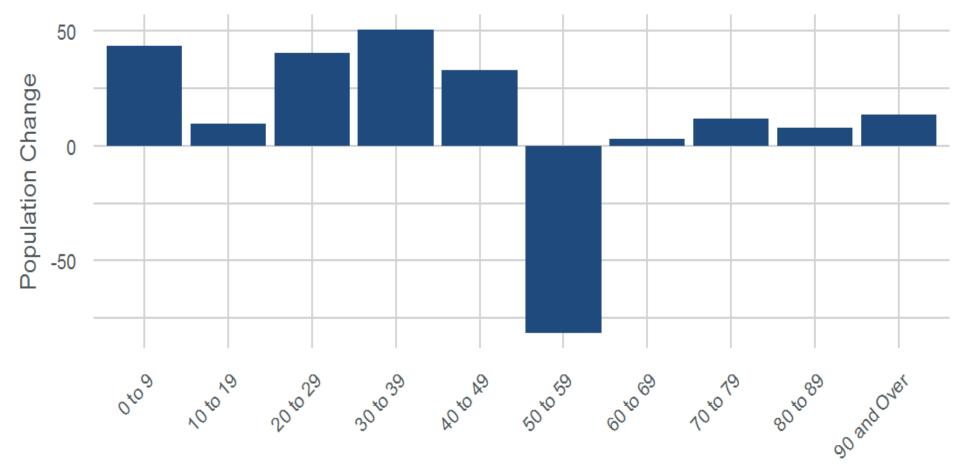
# Grand County Forecast Change in Population by Age 2015 to 2025 Source:State Demography Office



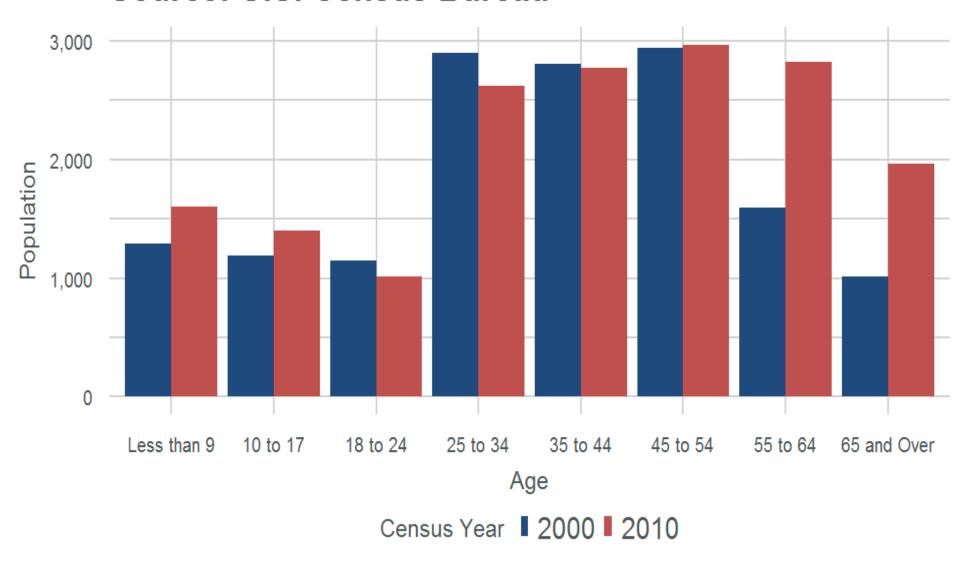
## Jackson County Population by Age Source: U.S. Census Bureau



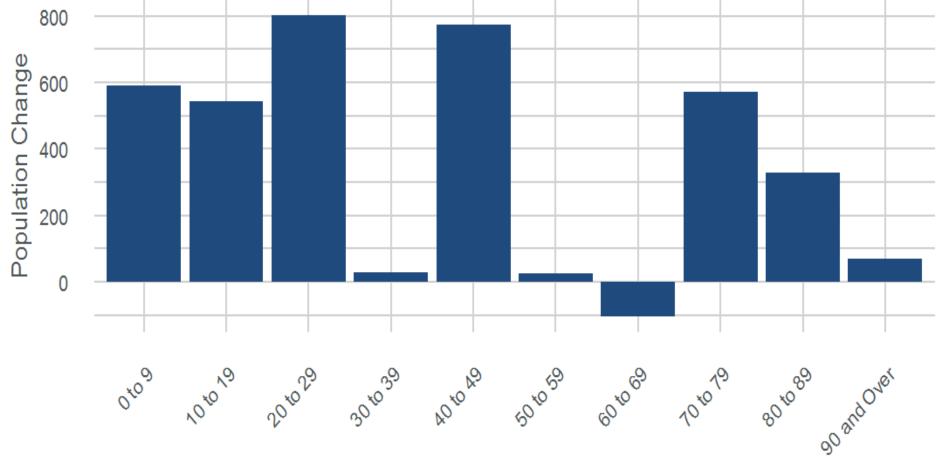
# Jackson County Forecast Change in Population by Age 2015 to 2025 Source:State Demography Office



# Pitkin County Population by Age Source: U.S. Census Bureau

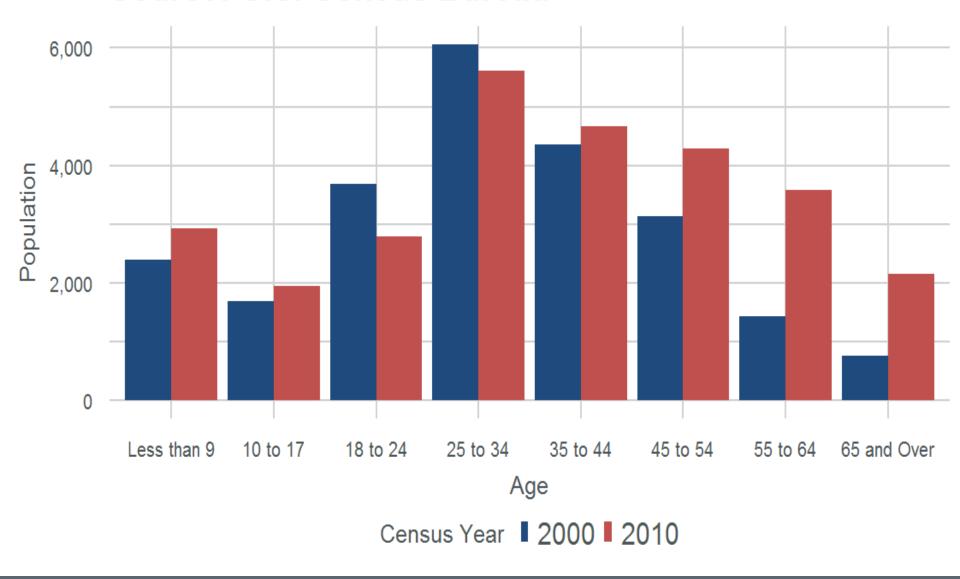


# Pitkin County Forecast Change in Population by Age 2015 to 2025 Source:State Demography Office

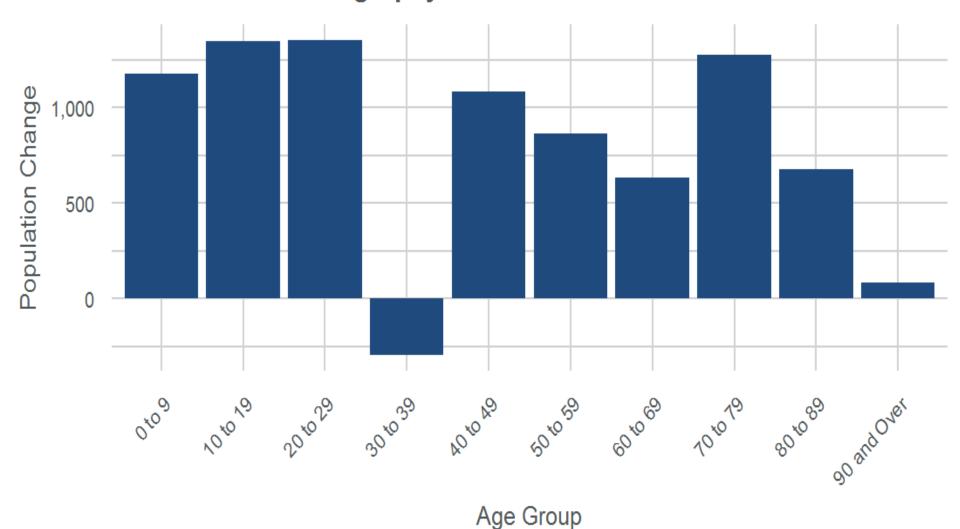


Age Group

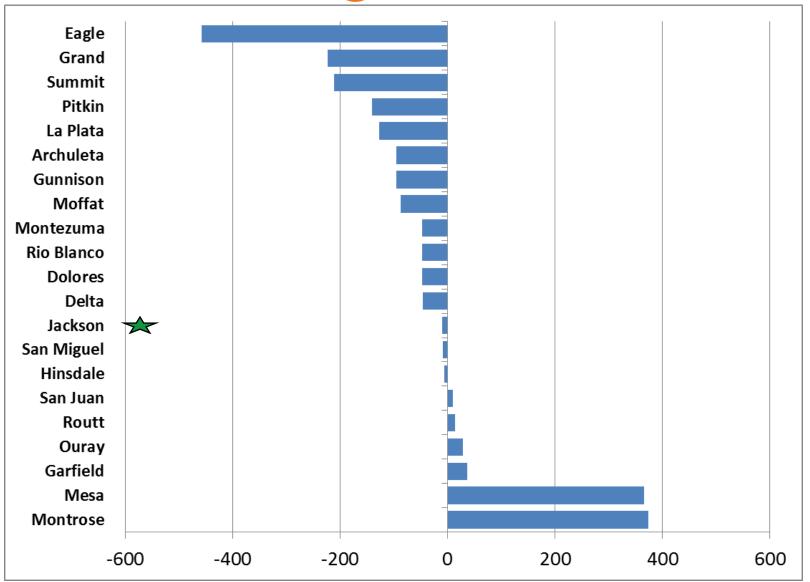
# Summit County Population by Age Source: U.S. Census Bureau



# Summit County Forecast Change in Population by Age 2015 to 2025 Source:State Demography Office



## 65+ Net Migration 2010-14



## Aging Issues - to name a few

- Numbers both total change and %
- Economy .25 jobs created by spending per person 65+
- Labor Force
- Housing
- Income downward pressure
- Health/Disabilities
- Transportation usage by age, "access-a-ride"
- Public Finance downward pressure

## Aging Issues in the Western Slope

- Numbers
- Economic Driver wealthier .... depends
  - Spending of people 65+ supported approximately 137,000 jobs in 2010. (.25 jobs per person 65+)
  - Impact on occupational mix
    - Health Services both high and low end
- Labor Force increase in demand for workers
  - Retirees aging in place where do new workers live?
  - How to attract and retain the young adult?
  - Community service changes.

#### 2014 Jobs Relative to Pre-Recession Peak

Recession Years: 2007-2009

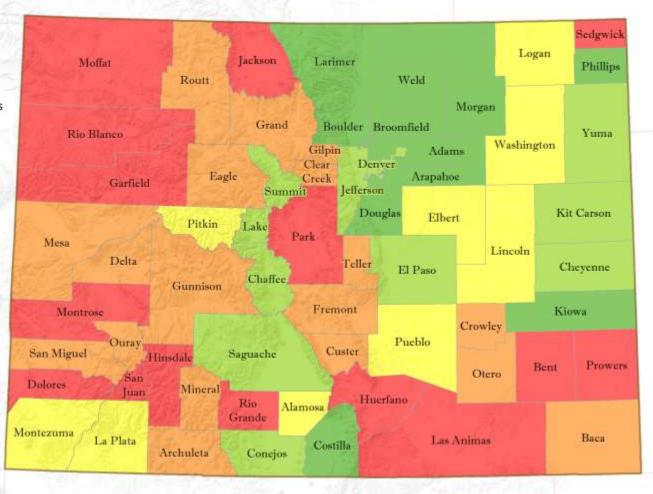
#### 2014 Jobs vs Pre-Recession Peak

>10% Less Jobs

5% to 10% Less Jobs
0% to 5% Less Jobs

0% to 5% More Jobs

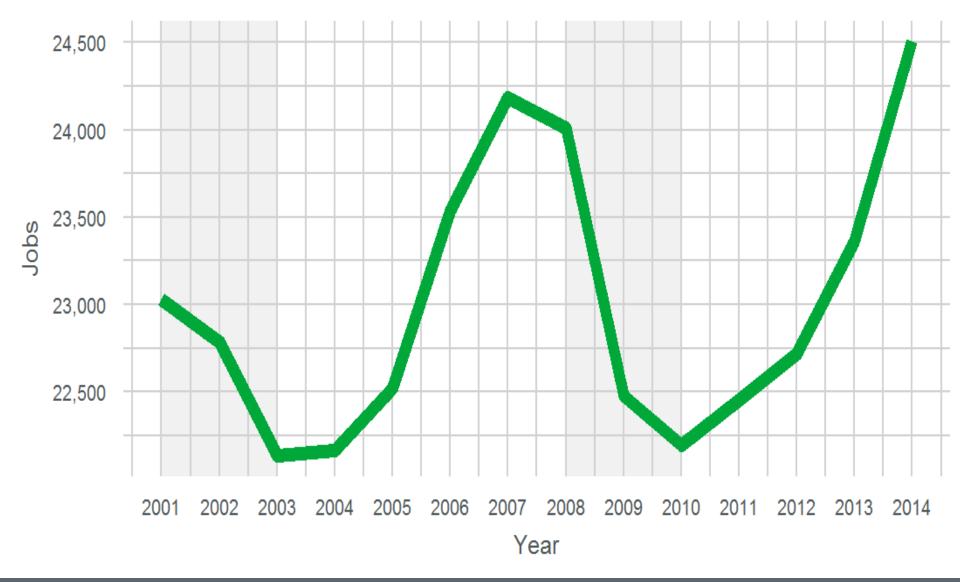
> 5% More Jobs



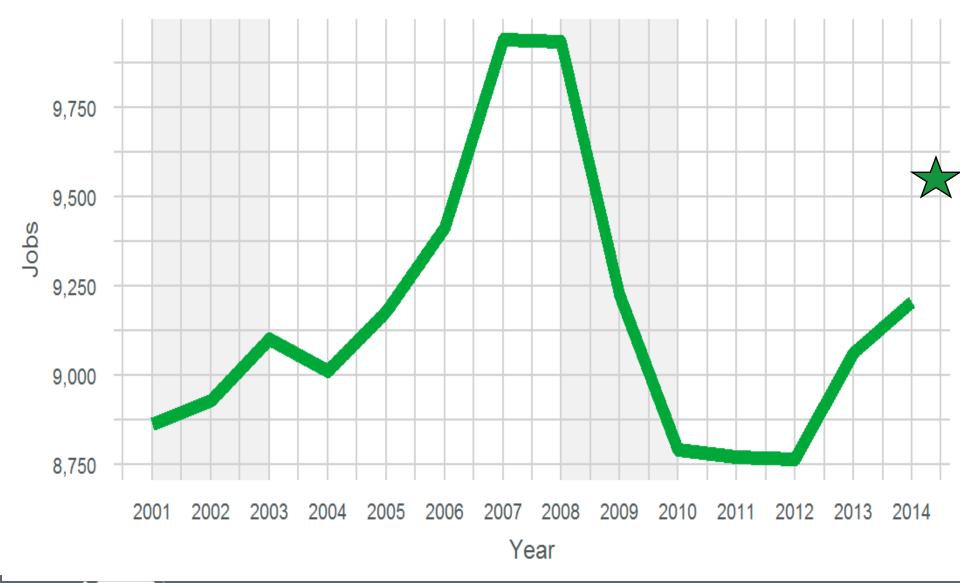
Colorado State Demography Office, 07/02/2015

# Summit County Total Estimated Jobs, 2001 to 2014 Source: State Demography Office

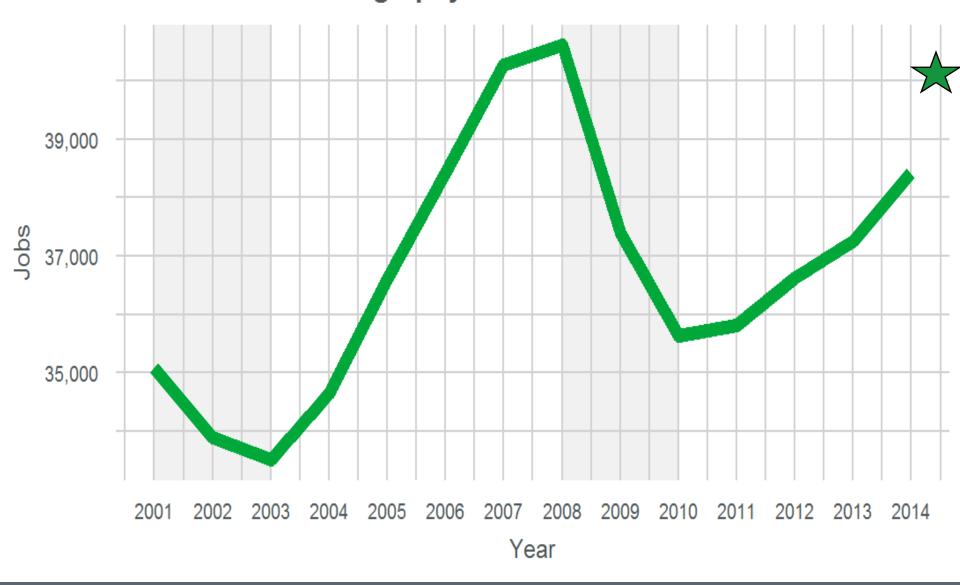




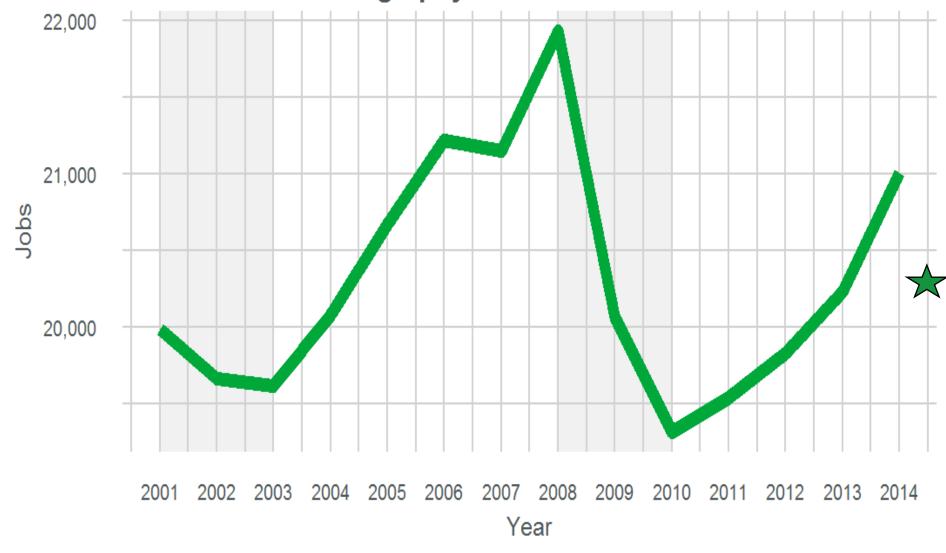
# Grand County Total Estimated Jobs, 2001 to 2014 Source: State Demography Office



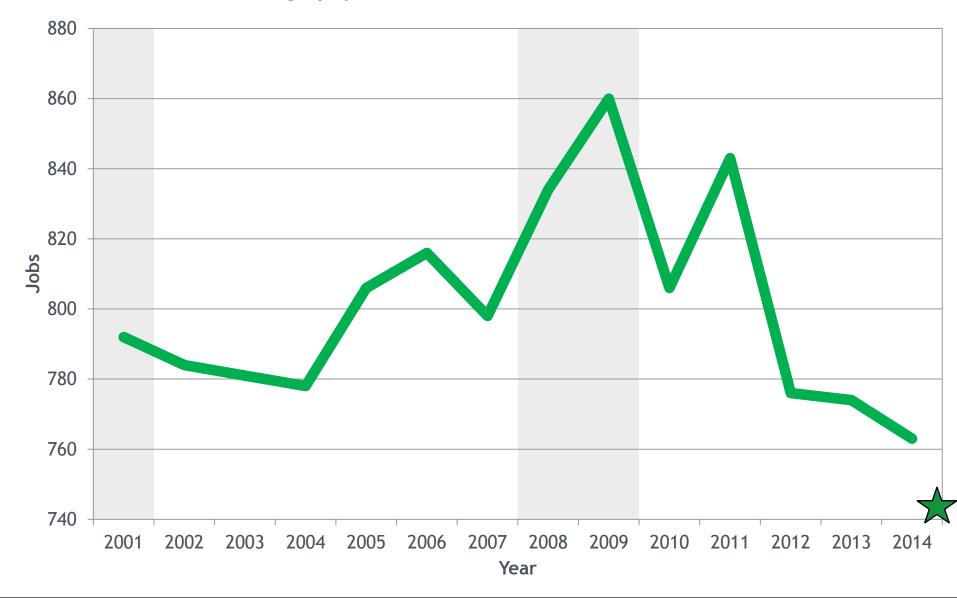
# Eagle County Total Estimated Jobs, 2001 to 2014 Source: State Demography Office



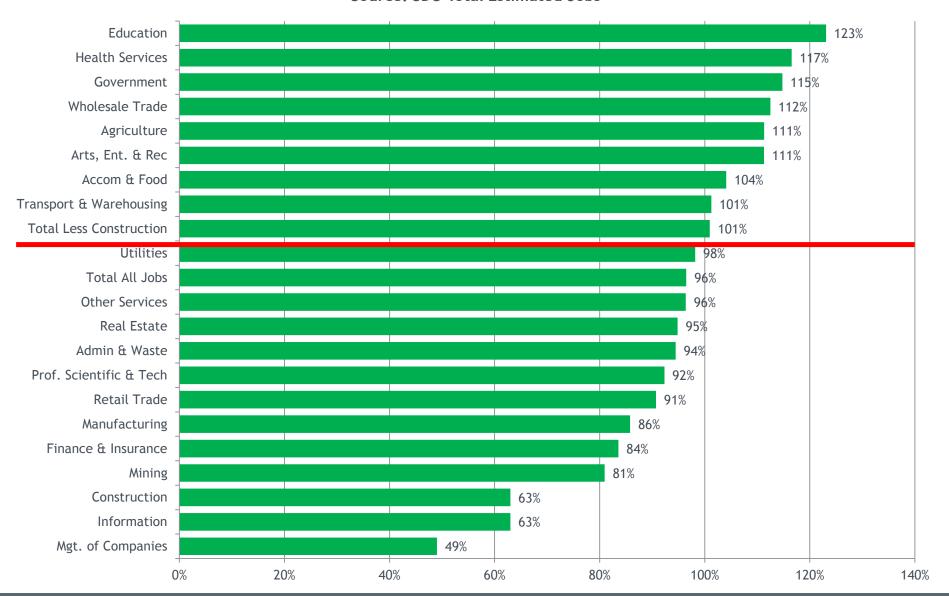
# Pitkin County Total Estimated Jobs, 2001 to 2014 Source: State Demography Office



## Jackson County Total Estimated Jobs, 2001 to 2014 Source: State Demography Office



#### Region 12 Employment in 2014 as a % of 2007 or 08 Employment Source: SDO Total Estimated Jobs

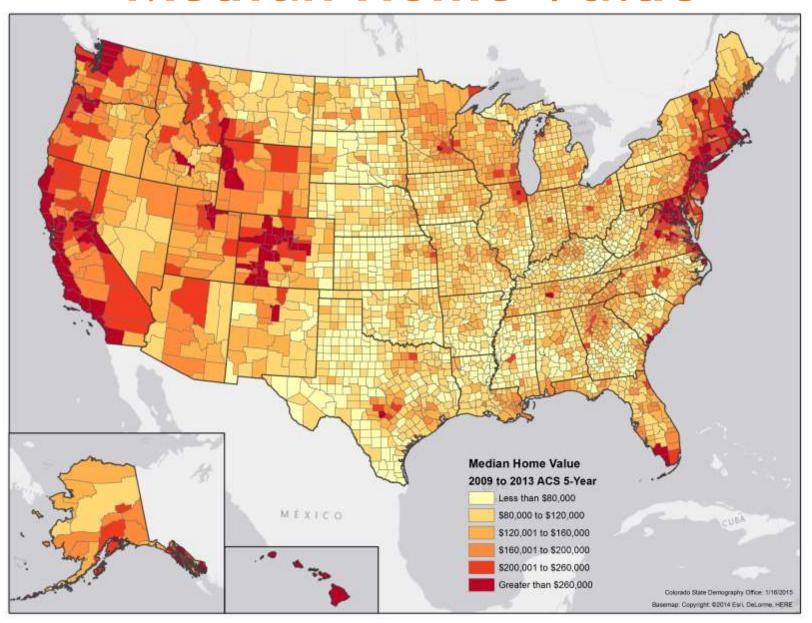


| 2014 Share of Jobs by Industry       |       |               |       |        |        |          |  |
|--------------------------------------|-------|---------------|-------|--------|--------|----------|--|
| Sector Name                          | Eagle |               | Grand | Pitkin | Summit | Colorado |  |
| Agriculture                          |       | 0.6%          | 3.4%  | 0.7%   | 0.3%   | 1.5%     |  |
| Mining                               |       | 0.1%          | 0.2%  | 0.0%   | 0.4%   | 1.2%     |  |
| Utilities                            |       | 0.2%          | 0.7%  | 0.1%   | 0.2%   | 0.3%     |  |
| Construction                         |       | 9.8%          | 10.4% | 4.8%   | 6.6%   | 6.4%     |  |
| Manufacturing                        |       | 1.0%          | 1.5%  | 0.6%   | 0.5%   | 4.7%     |  |
| Wholesale Trade                      |       | 1.7%          | 0.7%  | 0.6%   | 1.3%   | 3.5%     |  |
| Retail Trade                         |       | 9.6%          | 8.2%  | 7.0%   | 12.3%  | 9.5%     |  |
| Transportation & Warehousing         |       | 1.8%          | 1.9%  | 1.2%   | 1.7%   | 2.7%     |  |
| Information                          |       | 0.9%          | 0.5%  | 1.0%   | 0.8%   | 2.5%     |  |
| Finance and Insurance                |       | 1.9%          | 1.6%  | 1.9%   | 1.6%   | 4.0%     |  |
| Real Estate and Rental and Leasing   |       | 8.2%          | 7.2%  | 10.4%  | 8.0%   | 3.4%     |  |
| Professional and Technical Services  |       | 5.9%          | 4.2%  | 6.1%   | 5.4%   | 9.0%     |  |
| Management of Companies              |       | 0.2%          | 0.0%  | 0.2%   | 0.1%   | 1.2%     |  |
| Administrative and Waste Services    |       | 5.6%          | 3.5%  | 9.9%   | 4.2%   | 6.1%     |  |
| Educational Services                 |       | 1.1%          | 0.2%  | 1.9%   | 1.2%   | 1.9%     |  |
| Health Care and Social Assistance    |       | 6.1%          | 2.4%  | 2.6%   | 5.6%   | 9.7%     |  |
| Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation  |       | 10.6%         | 12.9% | 11.5%  | 6.5%   | 2.5%     |  |
| Accommodation and Food Services      |       | <b>19</b> .6% | 20.0% | 21.2%  | 27.2%  | 8.4%     |  |
| Other Services                       |       | 6.5%          | 5.3%  | 7.5%   | 5.2%   | 5.9%     |  |
| Government                           |       | 8.6%          | 15.2% | 10.7%  | 10.8%  | 15.5%    |  |
| Carrier CDO Tatal Fatiments of Jales |       |               |       |        |        |          |  |

Source: SDO Total Estimated Jobs



## Median Home Value



#### Colorado: Median Home Value

American Community Survey 2009 - 2013

#### Median Home Value

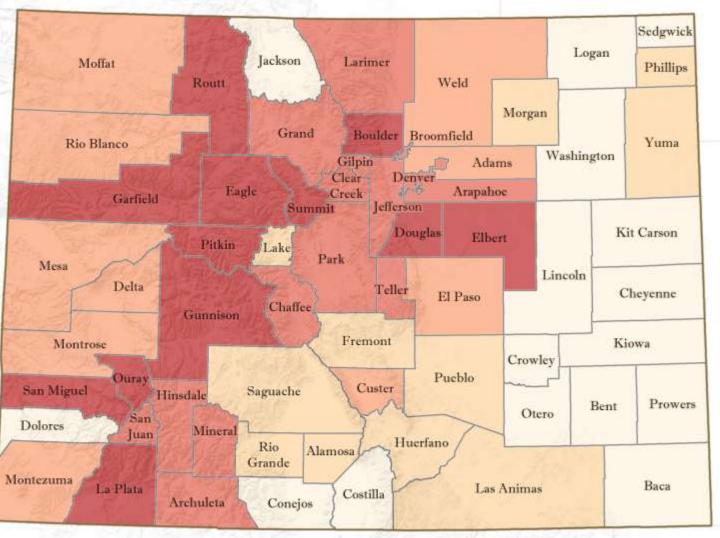
< \$125,000

\$125,001 to \$175,000

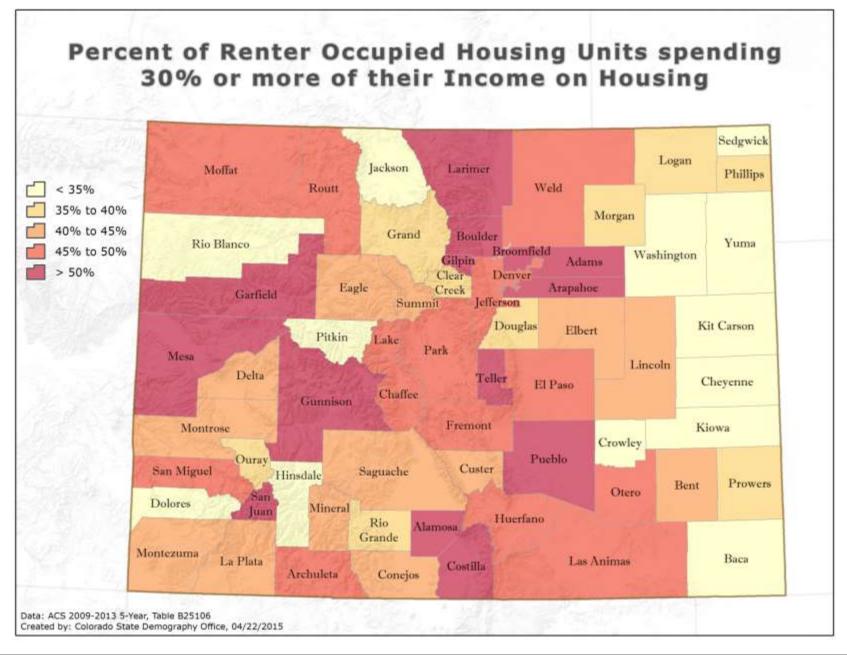
\$175,001 to \$225,000

\$225,001 to \$300,000

> \$300,000



Colorado State Demography Office, 01/27/2015



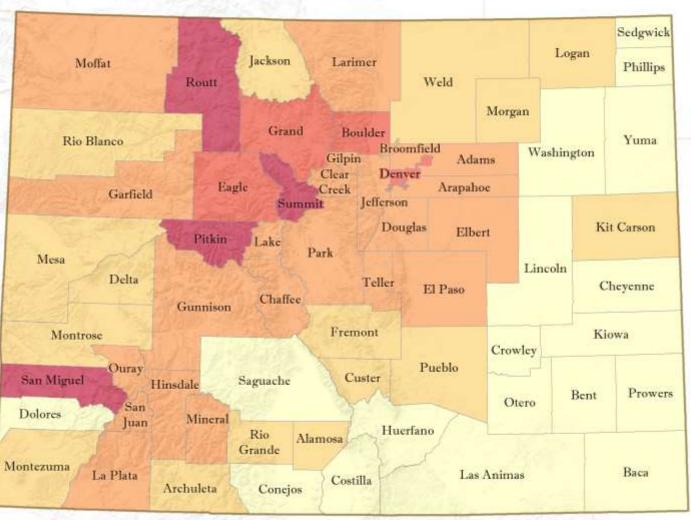
## Housing - Renters & Affordability

|          | % Renter Occupied Housing |           | %<br>Occupied | Occupied HU | Employment | Jobs:Occ | Median<br>Rent | Median<br>Home<br>Value | MHV/MHI |
|----------|---------------------------|-----------|---------------|-------------|------------|----------|----------------|-------------------------|---------|
| Colorado | 35.2%                     | 2,238,624 | 89.3%         | 1,999,091   | 3,068,500  | 0.65     | \$969          | \$239,400               | 4.03    |
| Pitkin   | 32.8%                     | 12,984    | 56.7%         | 7,362       | 21,008     | 0.35     | \$1,242        | \$570,700               | 8.03    |
| Summit   | 32.5%                     | 30,078    | 34.5%         | 10,377      | 24,506     | 0.42     | \$1,143        | \$461,100               | 7.15    |
| Eagle    | 32.6%                     | 31,392    | 57.5%         | 18,050      | 38,423     | 0.47     | \$1,213        | \$435,600               | 5.91    |
| Denver   | 50.3%                     | 290,624   | 93.3%         | 271,152     | 547,350    | 0.50     | \$913          | \$257,500               | 4.97    |
| Grand    | 24.3%                     | 16,381    | 31.8%         | 5,209       | 9,205      | 0.57     | \$982          | \$292,700               | 4.57    |
| Garfield | 34.6%                     | 23,333    | 87.1%         | 20,323      | 32,969     | 0.62     | \$1,111        | \$290,600               | 5.08    |
| Lake     | 39.6%                     | 4,461     | 69.7%         | 3,107       | 2,966      | 1.05     | \$917          | \$168,800               | 3.66    |
| Jackson  | 31.2%                     | 1,273     | 50.6%         | 644         | 763        | 0.84     | \$708          | \$124,800               | 2.74    |

# by County (Data: 2013)

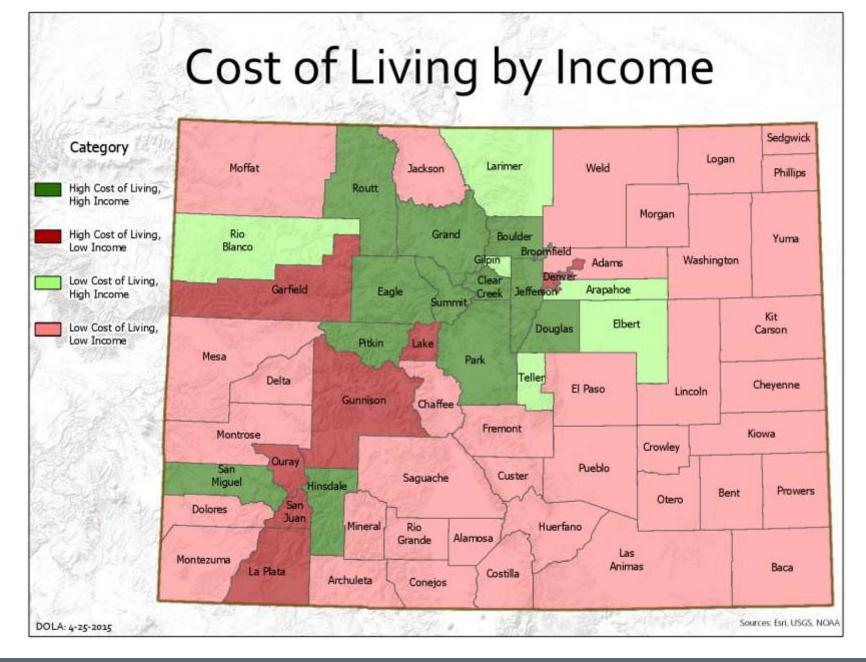
Very High: > 110
High: 105 - 110
Mid: 95 - 105
Low: 90 - 95
Very Low: < 90

La Plata 103% of State Average



Source: Colorado Legislative Council 2014

Created by: Colorado State Demography Office, 03/26/2015



### AirBnB and VRBO



## AIRBNB & VRBO

#### Questions to ponder in my community:

- Can we track short-term rentals through business licenses or tax returns?
- What will our community do with additional tax revenues? Dedicate to Affordable Housing?
- Will the benefit of additional visitors and their spending offset strain on long-term rentals?
- Does this have staying power or will landlords tire of wear & tear, hassle and costs of shortterm rentals?

### Percent of Population Without Broadband, 2015

Colorado Average: 17.9%

#### Pct. No Broadband

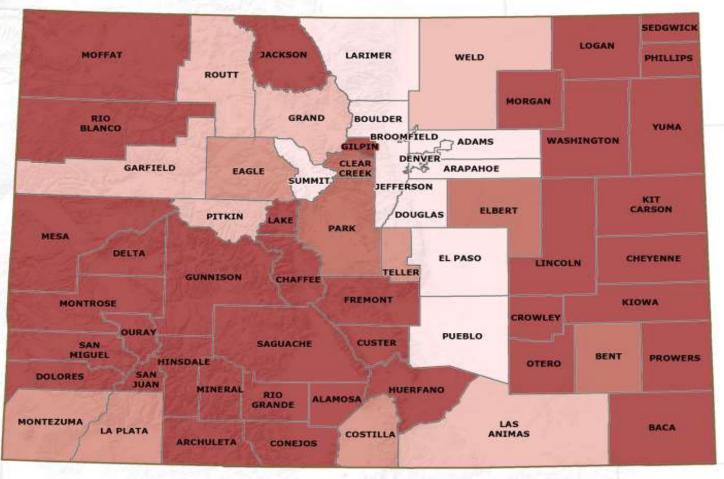
< 18%

18% to 40%

40% to 60%

60% to 80%

> 80%

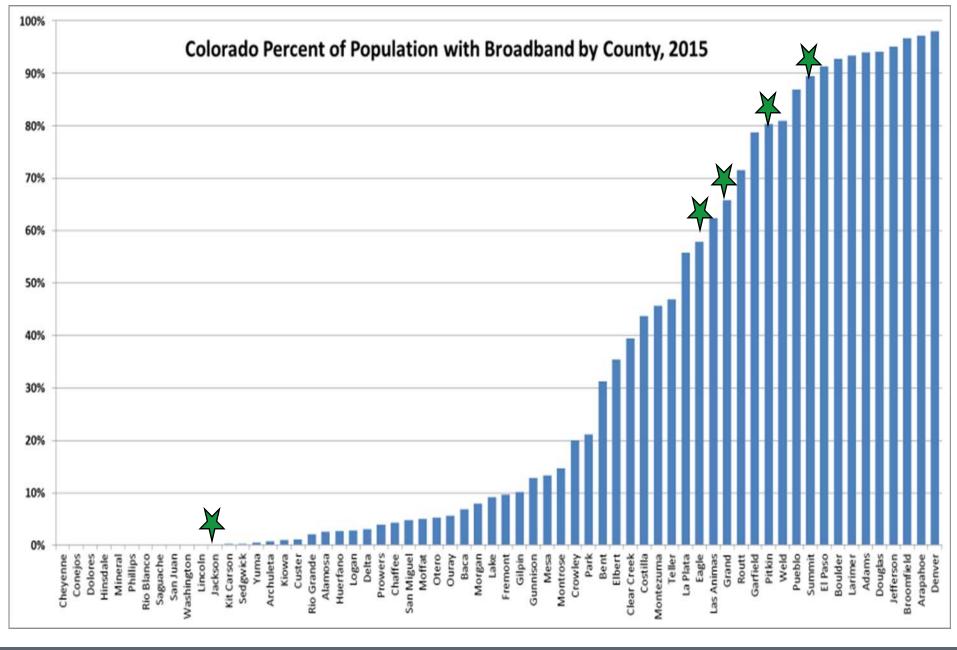


Sources: Esri, USGS, NOAA

Created: 06/03/2015 Data: 2015 FCC

https://www.fcc.gov/reports/2015-broadband-progress-report





## Employment Growth 2010-2013 in Broadband Related Industries

#### SEDGWICK LOGAN **Employment Growth** MOFFAT JACKSON LARIMER WELD PHILLIPS ROUTT 5%+ Decline MORGAN 0% to 5% Decline GRAND RIO BOULDER 0% to 5% Increase YUMA BLANCO BROOMFIELD WASHINGTON **ADAMS** 5% to 10% Increase DENVER CLEAR > 10% Increase GARFIELD ARAPAHOE EAGLE CREEK SUMMIT DEFFERSON KIT ELBERT CARSON DOUGLAS PITKIN LAKE PARK MESA DELTA **EL PASO** CHEYENNE LINCOLN GUNNISON CHAFFEE FREMONT KIOWA MONTROSE CROWLEY OURAY **PUEBLO** CUSTER SAN SAGUACHE MIGUEL BENT **PROWERS** HINSDALE OTERO SAN DOLORES JUAN MINERAL HUERFANO **ALAMOSA** GRANDE MONTEZUMA LAS BACA LA PLATA COSTILLA ANIMAS ARCHULETA CONEJOS

https://www.fcc.gov/reports/2015-broadband-progress-report

Created: 06/04/2015 Data: 2015 FCC

Sources: Esri, USGS, NOAA

# Household Income....its future is demographically challenged.

- Age distributions "End of "Demographic Dividend"
- Occupational Mix high and low service
- More race/ethnicity diverse especially at young end but achievement gap is growing as well.
- Household type and size single and smaller.
- Youth un and under employment Long term permanent impacts on earnings.

## To Ponder in My Community

- Can we compete for best and brightest?
  - Maintaining Economic and Amenity Advantages
- Can we manage growth in high and low skill/wage service jobs - bifurcation
- Disparate growth across state.
- More racially/ethnically diverse.
- Are we set to cope with opportunities and challenges of an aging population?
- How could downward pressure on household income impact our community

## Thank you

State Demography Office

Department of Local Affairs

Chris Akers

Chris.Akers@state.co.us

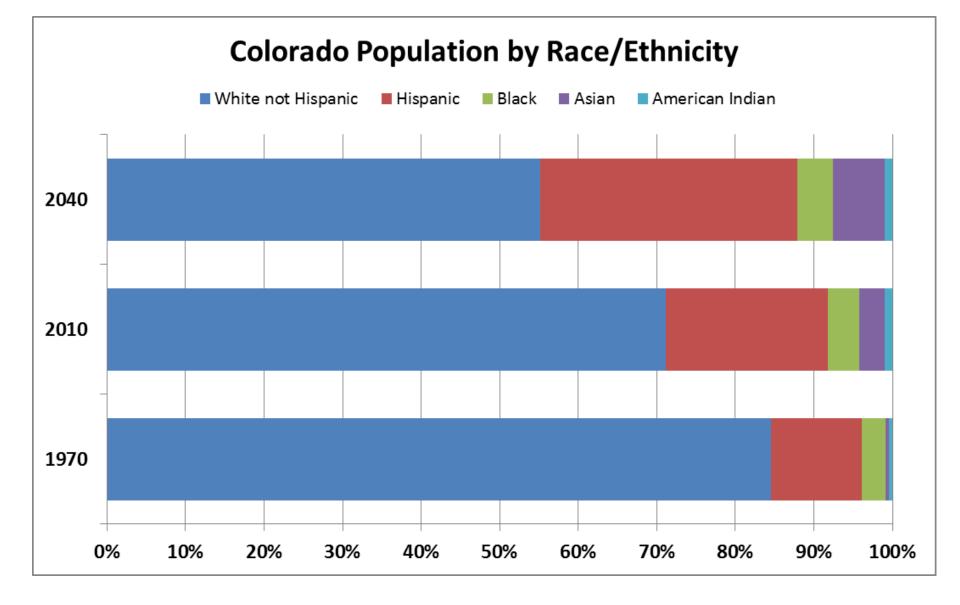
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www.colorado.gov/demography

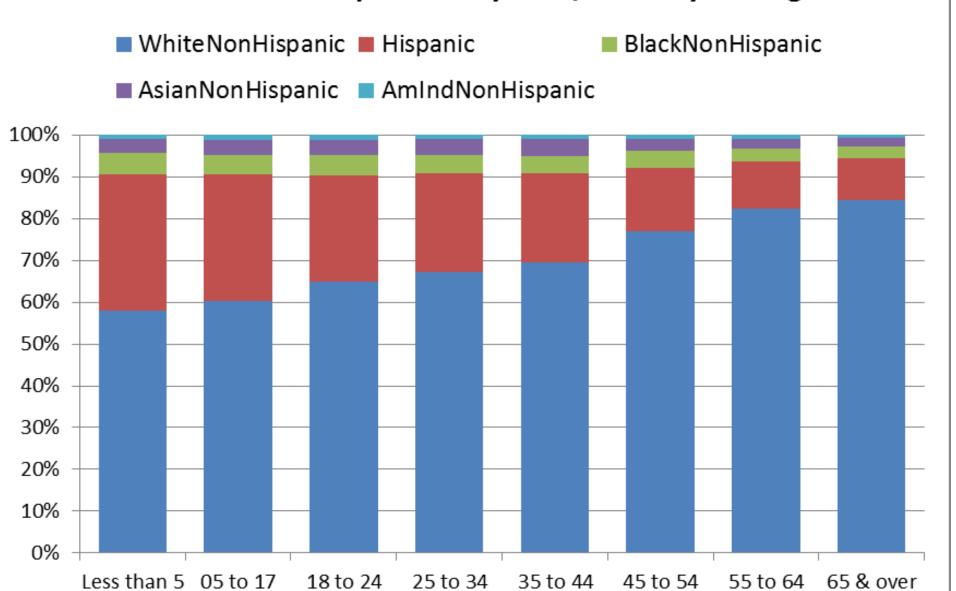


## Forecasts - Trends

- Growth in race/ethnic diversity especially at the young end.
- Growth in Young and Aging
- Growth in both high and low end service
- Labor Force Changes
- Income Challenges
- Transition Decade



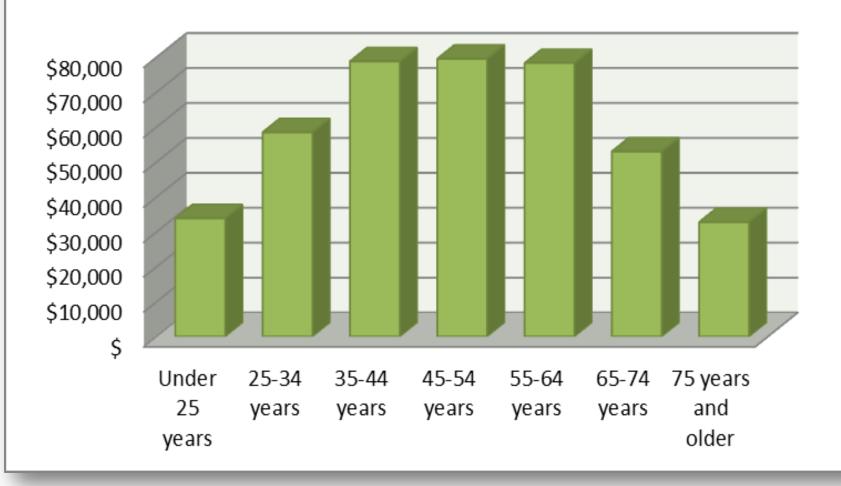
#### 2010 Colorado Population by Race/Ethnicity and Age



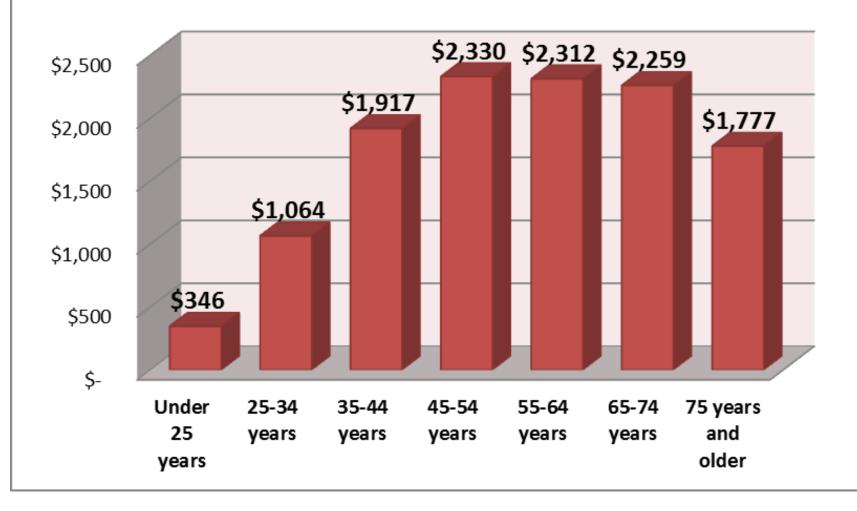
## Labor Force - tightening forces

- Female share of the labor force peaked in 2010 at 46%.
- Structural labor force participation rates peaked in 2010.
- Growth in "Leavers" (exiting the labor force) will create more demand for workers.
- Fewer Gen X
- Higher un/under employment for 18-34 year olds.
- Other states experiencing same concerns.
- Aging around the world.

# Average Income Before Taxes by Age Cohort, 2011-12







#### Average Natural Population Change Births minus Deaths, 2015 - 2040



< 0

0 to 100

101 to 500

500 to 1,000

> 1,000

